

COMPANIES ACTS, 1963 to 1977.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING  
A SHARE CAPITAL.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

— OF —

**The Tyrone Guthrie Centre  
at Annaghmakerrig**

INTERPRETATION.

1. In these Articles:—

“The Act” means the Companies Act, 1963.

“The Directors” means the Directors for the time being of the Company or the Directors present at a meeting of the Board of Directors and includes any person occupying the position of Director by whatever name called.

“Secretary” means any person appointed to perform the duties of the Secretary of the Company.

“the Seal” means the common seal of the Company.

“the office” means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography and any other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the contrary intention appears, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Articles become binding on the Company.

MEMBERS.

2. The number of members with which the Company proposes to be registered is 9 but the Directors may from time to time register an increase of members.

3. The subscribers to the Memorandum of Association and such other persons as the Directors shall admit to membership shall be members of the Company.

## GENERAL MEETINGS.

4. General meetings of the Company may be held either in the Republic of Ireland or in Northern Ireland.

5. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it, and not more than 15 months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next.

(2) So long as the Company holds its first annual general meeting within 18 months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. Subject to Article 4, the annual general meeting shall be held at such time and at such place in the State as the Directors shall appoint.

6. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

7. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by Section 132 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the State sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any Director or any two members of the Company, may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the Directors.

## NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS.

8. Subject to Sections 133 and 141 of the Act, an annual general meeting and a meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called by 21 days' notice in writing at the least, and a meeting of the Company (other than an annual general meeting or a meeting for the passing of a special resolution) shall be given by 14 days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in the case of special business, the general nature of that business and shall be given in manner hereinafter mentioned, to such persons as are, under the Articles of the Company, entitled to receive notices from the Company.

9. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

## PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS.

10. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting with the exception of the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets and the reports of the Directors and Auditors, the re-appointment of the retiring Auditors, and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors.

11. No business shall be transacted at any annual general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided, three members present in person shall be a quorum.

12. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to

the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be a quorum.

13. The Chairman, if any, of the Board of Directors, shall preside as Chairman at every general meeting of the Company, or if there is no such Chairman, or if he is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.

14. If at any meeting no Director is willing to act as Chairman or if no Director is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.

15. The Chairman may with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall, if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

16. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:—

- (a) by the Chairman, or
- (b) by at least three members present in person or by proxy, or
- (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

17. Except as provided in Article 19, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

18. Where there is an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

19. A poll demanded on the election of a Chairman, or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the Chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.

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20. Subject to Section 141 of the Act, a resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to attend and vote on such resolution at a General Meeting (or being bodies corporate by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective for all purposes as if the resolution had been passed at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held, and if described as a special resolution shall be deemed to be a special resolution within the meaning of the Act.

#### VOTES OF MEMBERS.

21. Every member shall have one vote.

22. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, guardian, or other person appointed by that Court, and any such committee, receiver, guardian, or other person may vote by proxy on a show of hands or on a poll.

23. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys immediately payable by him to the Company have been paid.

24. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

25. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

26. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointer is a body corporate, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.

27. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the office or at such other place within the State as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

28. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances permit:—

#### THE TYRONE GUTHRIE CENTRE AT ANNAGHMAKERRIG.

I/We, \_\_\_\_\_ of  
in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, being a member/members of the  
above-named Company, hereby appoint  
of \_\_\_\_\_ or failing him  
of \_\_\_\_\_ as my/our proxy to vote for me/us  
on my/our behalf at the (annual or extraordinary, as the case  
may be) general meeting of the Company to be held on the  
day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_ and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_

\*in favour of

This form is to be used \_\_\_\_\_ the resolution.  
against

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.

*\*Strike out whichever is not desired.*

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29. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.

30. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, if no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation as aforesaid is received by the Company at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

#### BODIES CORPORATE ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS.

31. Any body corporate which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body corporate could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company.

#### BORROWING POWERS.

32. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

#### DIRECTORS.

33. The Directors of the Company shall be appointed jointly by the Arts Council in the Republic of Ireland and the Arts Council of Northern Ireland. There shall be nine Directors, of whom four shall be appointed by the Arts Council in the Republic of Ireland, and four shall be appointed by the Arts Council of Northern Ireland. The ninth Director shall be the Chairman and shall be appointed by both Councils in agreement.

34. The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm or person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

35. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person or persons and in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

36. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:—

- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
- (b) of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of any committee of the Directors;
- (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company, and of the Directors and of committees of Directors.

#### DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

37. The office of Director shall be vacated if the Director:—
- (a) holds any other office or place of profit under the Company; or
  - (b) is adjudged bankrupt in the State or in Northern Ireland or Great Britain or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
  - (c) becomes prohibited from being a Director by reason of any order made under Section 184 of the Act; or
  - (d) becomes of unsound mind; or
  - (e) resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; or
  - (f) is convicted of an indictable offence unless the Directors otherwise determine; or
  - (g) is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the Company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in manner required by Section 194 of the Act.

38. Directors shall hold office for a period of five years. At the expiration of each five year term the Arts Council in the Republic of Ireland and the Arts Council of Northern Ireland shall each appoint 4 Directors and the ninth Director who shall be the Chairman shall be appointed by both Councils in agreement.

39. A Director who has held office shall be eligible for re-appointment.

40. In the event of a casual vacancy occurring on the Board of Directors that position shall be filled by an appointee of the Arts Council which appointed the Director who has vacated office, in order to maintain the balance of representation on the Board. A Director so appointed shall hold office for the remainder of the term of five years which the Director he or she replaces would have held.

#### VOTING ON CONTRACTS.

41. A Director may vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereout.

42. The Company may by ordinary resolution of which extended notice has been given in accordance with Section 142 of the Act remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such Director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.

43. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. Where there is an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Directors. If the Directors so resolve it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of the Directors to any Director who being resident in the State is for the time being absent from the State.

44. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors, and unless so fixed shall be two.

45. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the Articles of the Company as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.

46. The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of the Board as they think fit; any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Directors.

47. A committee may elect a Chairman of its meetings; if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within 5 minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.

48. A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and when there is an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

49. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or of a Committee of Directors or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that it is afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

50. A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Directors, shall be as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly convened and held.

51. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term and at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

52. A provision of the Act or these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

#### THE SEAL.

53. The seal shall be used only by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of Directors authorised by the Directors in that behalf, and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed and shall be signed by a Director and shall be countersigned by the Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Directors for the purpose.

#### ACCOUNTS.

54. The Directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept relating to:—

- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
  - (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company; and
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(c) the assets and liabilities of the Company.

Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

55. The books of account shall be kept at the office or, subject to Section 147 of the Act, at such other place as the Directors think fit, and shall at all reasonable times be open to the inspection of the Directors.

56. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.

57. The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with Sections 148, 150, 157 and 158 of the Act cause to be prepared and to be laid before the annual general meeting of the Company such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts and reports as are required by those sections to be prepared and laid before the annual general meeting of the Company.

58. A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the annual general meeting of the Company together with a copy of the Directors' report and Auditor's report shall not less than 21 days before the date of the annual general meeting, be sent to every person entitled under the provisions of the Act to receive them.

#### AUDIT.

59. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with Sections 160 to 163 of the Act.

#### NOTICES.

60. A notice may be given by the Company to any member either personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected in the case of a notice of a meeting at the expiration of 24 hours after the letter containing the same is posted and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

61. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to:—

- (a) every member;
- (b) every person being a personal representative or the Official Assignee in bankruptcy of a member where the member but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting; and
- (c) the Auditor for the time being of the Company.

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

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WINDING UP.

62. The provisions of Clause 8 of the Memorandum of Association relating to the winding up or dissolution of the Company shall have effect and be observed as if the same were repeated in full in these Articles.

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NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS.

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James White, 15, Herbert Park, Dublin, 4.  
Chairman, An Chomhairle Ealaíon

Alfred Worrall, 65, Antrim Road, Newtownabbey.  
Chairman, Arts Council of N. Ireland.

James K. Jamison, 69, Rugby Road, Belfast BT7 1PT.  
Director, Arts Council of N. Ireland.

Colm O'Briain, 17, Charleville Road, Dublin, 6.  
Director, An Chomhairle Ealaíon

Patrick J. Rock, 26, Fairyhill, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.  
Faculty Director, Irish Management Institute.

Thomas Mullarkey, 11, Troy Park, Londonderry.  
Architect.

Christopher Fitzsimon, 8, Richmond Hill, Monkstown, Co. Dublin.  
Theatre Director.

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Dated this 25th day of April, 1980.

Witness to the above Signatures:—

Peter Brooke,  
53, Osborne Park,  
Belfast 9, N. Ireland.  
Administrative Assistant,  
Arts Council of N. Ireland.

